AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. (currently amended) A method of identifying bacteria, comprising:
 - a) providing:
 - amplified genomic sequences from a plurality of bacterial species,
 wherein said amplified genomic sequences are arrayed on a solid
 support so as to create a plurality of arrayed elements,
 - ii) labeled target DNA from test bacteria of interest, and
 - iii) labeled reference DNA from at least four strains of reference bacteria, wherein said reference bacteria are members of the group consisting of said plurality of bacterial species;
 - b) co-hybridizing said target and reference DNA to said arrayed elements <u>in</u>

 <u>a single step</u> to produce a hybridization pattern, wherein each hybridized target DNA in said hybridization pattern has a target signal, and each hybridized reference DNA in said hybridization pattern has a reference signal; and
 - c) calculating the target signal to reference signal hybridization ratio at each array element to determine the identity of said test bacteria.
- 2. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said test bacteria are from a sample obtained from a subject.
- 3. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said test bacteria are pathogenic organisms.
- 4. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said test bacteria are environmental isolates.
 - 5. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said solid support is a microchip.

- 6. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said calculating comprises statistical analysis.
- 7. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said target signal and said reference signal comprise fluorescence.
- 8. (original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising the step of producing hybridization profiles of said test and reference bacteria.
 - 9. (currently amended) A method of identifying bacteria, comprising:
 - a) providing:
 - i) amplified genomic sequences from a plurality of bacterial species, wherein said amplified genomic sequences are arrayed on at least one microchip, so as to create a plurality of arrayed elements,
 - ii) labeled target DNA from test bacteria of interest, and
 - iii) labeled reference DNA from at least four strains of reference bacteria, wherein said reference bacteria are members of the group consisting of said plurality of bacterial species;
 - b) co-hybridizing said target and reference DNA to said arrayed elements <u>in</u>

 <u>a single step</u> to produce a hybridization pattern, wherein each hybridized target DNA in said hybridization pattern has a target signal, and each hybridized reference DNA in said hybridization pattern has a reference signal; and
 - c) calculating the target signal to reference signal hybridization ratio at each array element to determine the identity of said test bacteria.
- 10. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said test bacteria are from a sample obtained from a subject.

- 11. (original) The method of Claim 10, wherein said test bacteria are pathogenic organisms.
- 12. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said test bacteria are environmental isolates.
- 13. (original) The method of Claim 9, further comprising the step of producing hybridization profiles of said test and reference bacteria.
- 14. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said calculating comprises statistical analysis.
- 15. (previously presented) The method of Claim 9, wherein said target signal and said reference signal comprise fluorescence.
 - 16 21 (canceled)